





Why Data Culture Matters

21st -22nd September 2022, Doha, Qatar Pullman Hotel, Al Thuraya Ballroom - West Bay ورشـة العمل الإقليمية حول الـدور المتغير للإحصاءات الرسـمية في دولة قطر: ثقافة البيانات مهمة

> ۲۱-۲۱ سبتمبر ۲۰۲۲، الدوحة، قطر فندق بولمان الدوحة، قاعة الثريا - الخليج الغربي



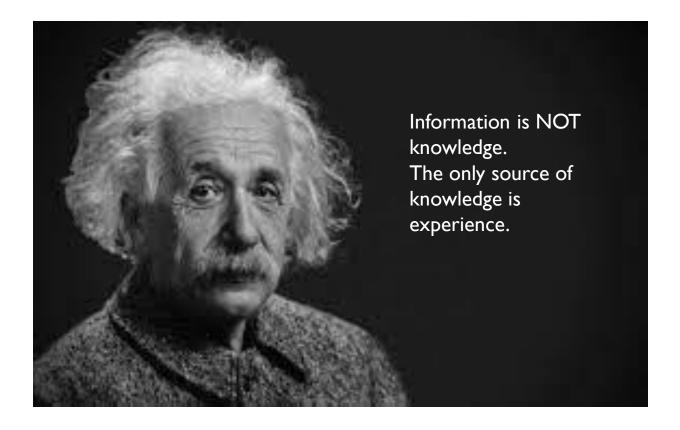
THE PURPOSE Data



Information



THE PURPOSE



THE PURPOSE Data



Information



Knowledge



THE PURPOSE

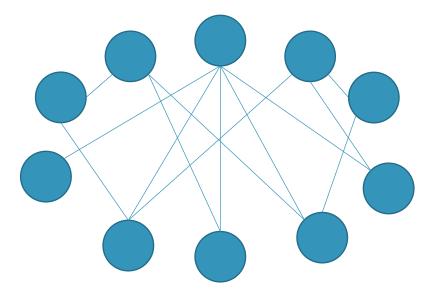


Power comes not from knowledge kept, but from knowledge shared.



THE PURPOSE

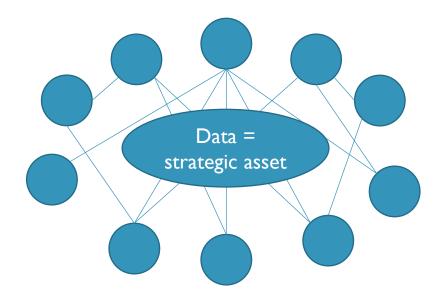
## Data = Public Good



Data access & Data Sharing are a pre-requisite for knowledge generation and innovation

MODERN STATISTICS PRODUCTION

### Modern Statistics Production



Draws on multiple data sources

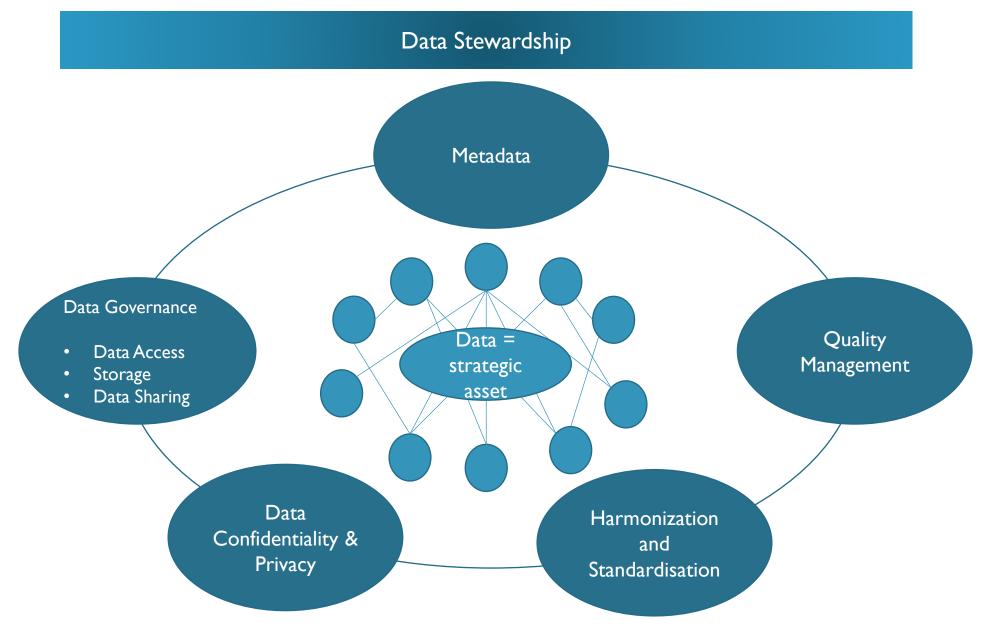
to produce high quality statistics

And to generate knowledge through insightful information

FUNCT-IONING

OF A

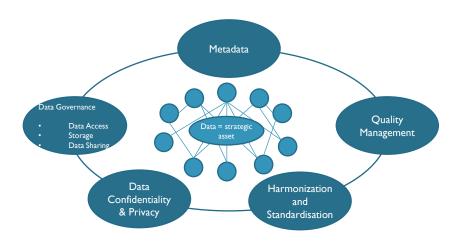
DATA ECO-SYSTEM



### Data Stewardship - Role for National Statistics Offices?

DATA STEWARD SHIP





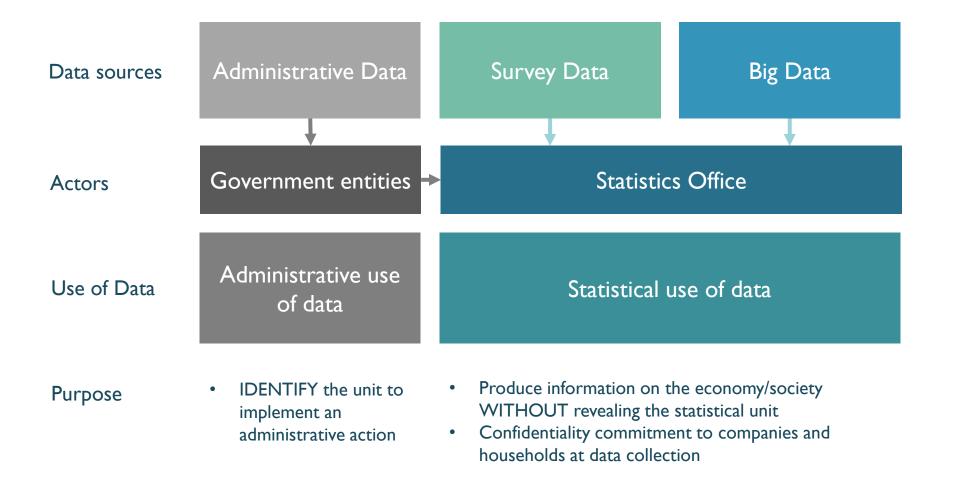
#### Assets of an NSI

- Mandate and Mission
- Data Expertise
- Processor of Multiple Data Sources
- Stakeholder and user relationship
- Data infrastructure
- Institutional Data Governance Expertise
- Data Quality Expertise
- Etc,

## Data Stewardship – Limitations for National Statistics Offices

DATA STEWARD SHIP

USE OF DATA



individuals)

Statistics on industries (without naming a company)

Labor market statistics (without revealing individuals)

Population census results (without revealing

Tax authority taxes a

particular company MoH registers a

particular patient

Examples

#### Data Stewardship – Limitations for National Statistics Offices

DATA STEWARD SHIP

USE OF DATA

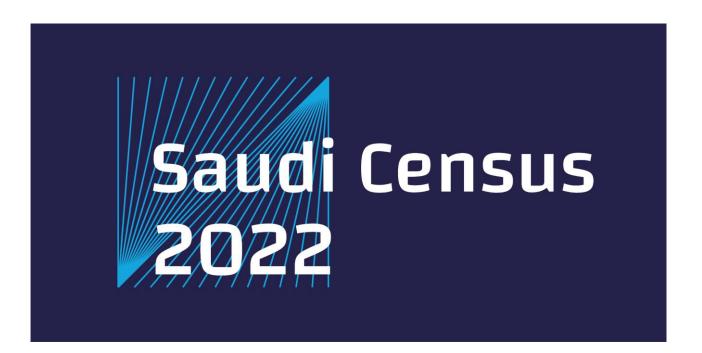
Administrative use of data

Statistical use of data

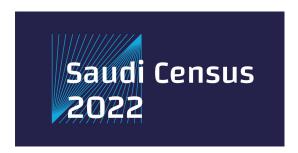


NSI can facilitate the processing, but not produce data for administrative purposes

NSI can support evidence-based decision-making by producing high quality statistics







# Hybrid Census

#### Field Work



#### **Big Data**

- Satellite Images
- ElectricityConsumption
- Water Consumption
- Mobile phone positioning data



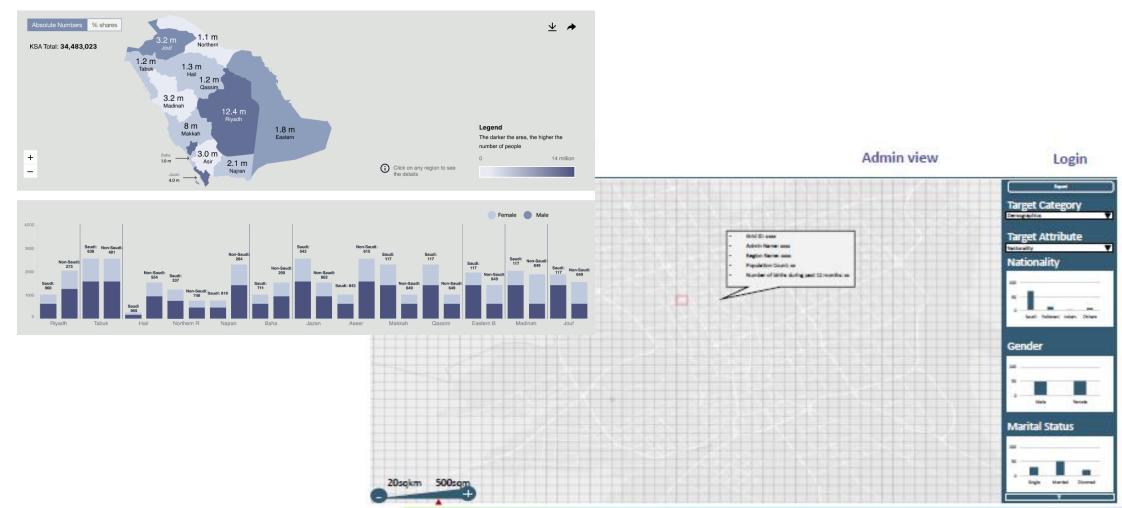
#### **Administrative Data**

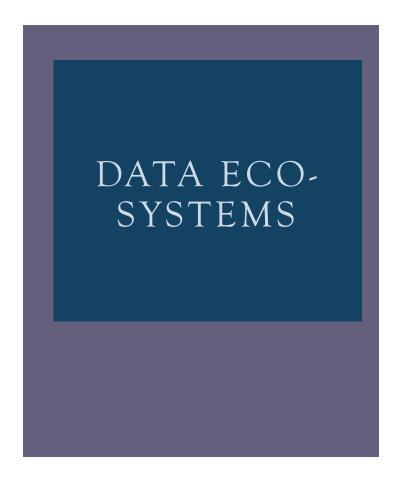
- Register Population Data
- Education Data
- Saudi Post Data
- Social Security Data
- etc





## Modern Data Dissemination





### **Conclusions**

- Data should be considered a public good
  - Access
  - o Data sharing
- Functioning Data Ecosystems require sound and efficient Data Governance and Principles
- National Statistics Institutes are well fit to take the role of Data Stewards – but with limitations
- Cooperation and Partnership more important for a well-functioning Data Ecosystem than the institutional setup

